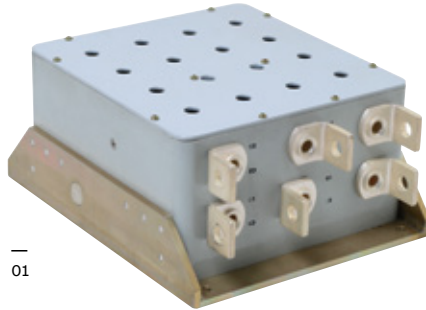


## Vacuum contactors

### RP151B three-phase vacuum contactors

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01 Mechanically shock-hardened version available as shown



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The Jennings RP151B three-phase vacuum contactor is a compact, normally open, three-phase device for use in equipment that requires a high-speed interrupt. It is useful as an overload interrupter to 2000 A RMS interrupting capacity. Special erosion-resistant contacts provide an operational load life of 250,000 maintenance-free operations at the rated 200 A current.

#### Features

- Erosion-resistant contacts provide a minimum of 250,000 operations for long, maintenance-free life
- 2000 A RMS interrupting capacity – ideal for use in an overload interrupter
- Three-phase, normally open operation provides high-speed interrupt

#### Voltage ratings

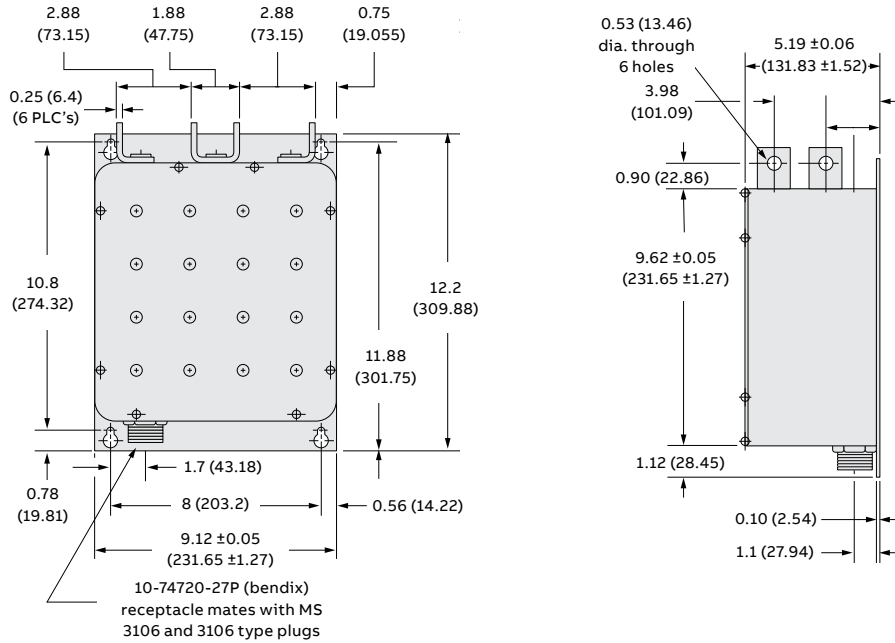
<b>50/60/400 Hz (V)</b>	<b>600</b>
<b>Current rating</b>	
Continuous (amps RMS)	200
Maximum interrupting current (A)	2000
Minimum load life	250,000 operations
Interrupt	Less than 2 cycles
Auxiliary contacts configuration	DPDT, 115/230 V AC, 8 A

#### RP151B three-phase vacuum contactors

Cat. no.	Mounting option	Voltage	Pull-in current (A)	Hold current (A)
RP151B4541X44R20	4541	26.5 V DC	4.0	0.40
RP151B4541X46R20	4541	100 V DC	1.5	0.05
RP151B4541X47R20	4541	115 V AC	1.5	0.05
RP151B4541X4XR20	4541	50 V DC	2.1	0.17

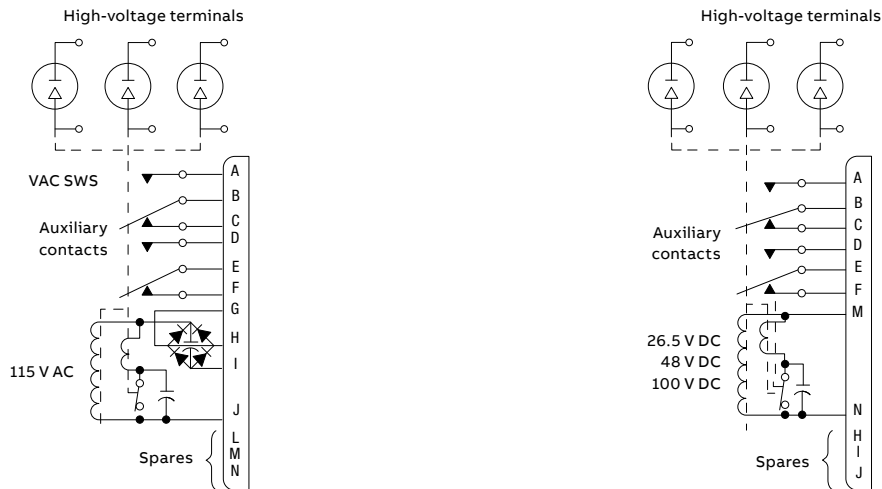
# Vacuum contactors

## RP151B three-phase vacuum contactors



Dimensions shown are in inches (mm).

### Units shown in de-energized position



Dimensions shown are in inches (mm).

## Vacuum contactors

### Overview

Jennings vacuum contactors offer one of the most reliable means available for remotely controlling electric power

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01 Figure 1— Typical Jennings solenoid-operated vacuum contactor

Jennings vacuum contactors provide all the operating advantages of a vacuum interrupter plus the benefits of a matching actuator to meet specific application requirements. These low and medium voltage contactors offer the most reliable means of remotely controlling electric power.

#### Maintenance-free vacuum contactors provide fast arc extinction and rapid recovery of dielectric strength

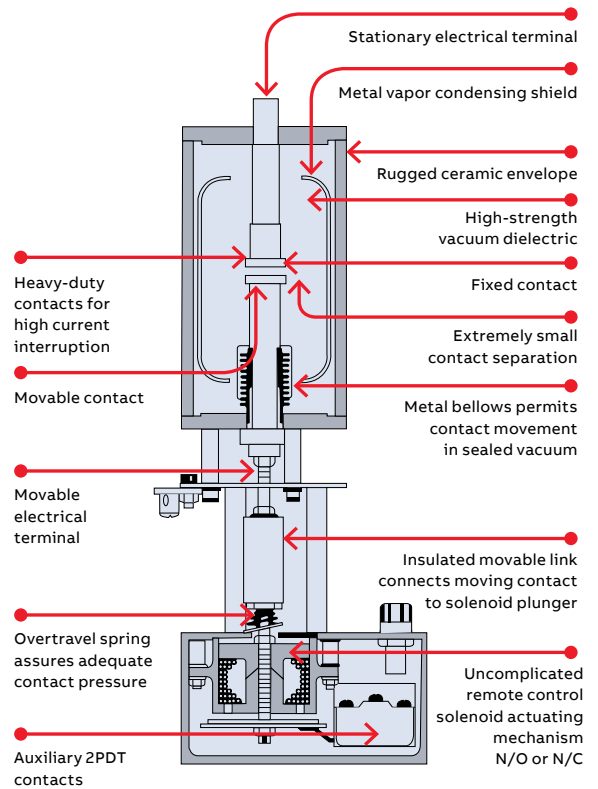
Jennings contactors consist of a vacuum interrupter and an actuator linked together by an insulated actuating rod. Linkage and stand-off posts that isolate the high voltage from ground are made of epoxy glass laminate for DC switching. Heavy-duty connectors are provided for the high voltage connection.

Figure 1 illustrates a solenoid-operated vacuum contactor. Its interrupter consists of an evacuated ceramic insulating envelope in which there are two contacts, one stationary and one movable. The movable contact is operated from the outside through a metallic bellows that provides a vacuum-tight seal.

A vacuum has an extremely high dielectric strength – As high as 1000 V per mil. When the contacts are opened to interrupt current flow, metal vapor is generated by the passage of current through the contacts. The vapor sustains the arc that is created, maintaining it down to or near current zero.

The small arc drawn on the contact opening is quickly extinguished because there are no gases, and there is only a small voltage drop across it. As the arc extinguishes, the metallic vapor rapidly diffuses outward and condenses on the cool surface of the vapor shields. The vapor shields prevent the metallic vapor from depositing on the ceramic insulating surfaces.

Fast arc extinction and rapid recovery of dielectric strength after contact opening are characteristics of vacuum interrupters. A phenomenon with these interrupters is the auto-maintenance of the vacuum. The metallic ions released from the contacts provide a gettering action. Tests have shown that frequent operation of the contacts produces a steady improvement in vacuum level because the released metallic ions actually remove gas molecules from the evacuated space. This ion-pumping action tends to maintain the vacuum near the high initial value.



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## Vacuum contactors

### Overview

#### Typical applications

Jennings vacuum power contactors are used for controlling DC and 50/60/400 Hz circuits. Principal use is in high power electrical equipment requiring long contact life without maintenance, low-cost, high voltage control or sealed contacts because of environmental conditions.

Switching and protecting transformers used in DC power supplies is one of the most common power frequency applications for contactors. Most transformer switching is done on the primary side for off-on control or to switch out current-limiting resistors or reactors used for reduced-voltage starting of power tubes. It may be necessary to use additional backup fault protection to take care of primary line-side faults. This is sometimes accomplished using a current-limiting fuse or coordinating with a high capacity system breaker already located in the primary side. However, where frequent faults are anticipated, contactors offer a much longer life with no contact maintenance, and they are often less expensive.

#### Advantages of Jennings vacuum contactors

By employing proven Jennings vacuum interrupter technology, Jennings contactors provide reliable, maintenance-free operation in industrial motor controls and other systems using a wide range of currents and voltages. The operation of contacts within a vacuum offers several inherent advantages:

- No required contact maintenance – Contacts are sealed within a very high vacuum and remain clean permanently. There is no contact oxidation or possibility of foreign matter forming on the contacts and leaving contaminating residues.
- Long life – The arc that results as the contact is made or broken is quickly extinguished within a vacuum. The special contact material utilized erodes at an extremely slow rate to provide reliable operation for tens of thousands of operations.
- Environmental safety factor – Vacuum contactors can be used in environments involving corrosive atmospheres because there is no exposed arcing during interruption.
- Compact, reliable operating mechanism – The high dielectric strength of a vacuum minimizes the contact-to-contact gap required to interrupt current. This short contact stroke not only provides high operating speed, but also reduces the size and weight of the operating mechanism used.
- No arc chute replacement – Ordinary air-break contactors require fragile arc chutes to extinguish the arc that forms when the contact is broken. Arc chutes are damaged with use and ultimately require replacement. The manner in which vacuum contactors operate causes the arc to be extinguished rapidly with minimal damage or wear.
- Proven operation – Jennings vacuum interrupters have been supplied for several decades for use in electrical power generation and distribution systems operating at all voltage levels. The long life and reliability of these devices is such that many of the original units are still in operation.
- Low contact resistance – This resistance remains low and stable for the life of the contactor.

